**radio, radios [ˈrɛidiˌɑː] (Nomen)**

*Definition:* the technology that allows for the transmission of sound or other signals by modulation of electromagnetic waves; a device that can capture (receive) the signal sent over radio waves and render the modulated signal as sound

*Übersetzung:* Radio

*Beispiel:* Why don't you turn the radio on?

**on the radio** (Chunk)

*Übersetzung:* im Radio

*Beispiel:* My favourite song is on the radio right now!

**listen to the radio** (Chunk)

*Übersetzung:* Radio hören

*Beispiel:* While I'm in the bathroom, I always listen to the radio.

**listener, listeners** (Nomen)

*Definition:* someone who listens, especially to a speech or a broadcast on the radio

*Übersetzung:* Radiohörer
Example: The host of the radio show makes fun of the listeners.

station, stations  ['stɛrən]
(Nomen)
Definition: a place used for broadcasting radio or television; a broadcasting entity
Übersetzung: Sender
Example: I used to work at a radio station.

Synonym(e): channel

tune in to
(Mehrgliedriges Verb)
Definition: to select a channel, station, etc., as on television or radio
Übersetzung: einstellen
Example: Let's tune in to my favourite radio show!

turn down
(Mehrgliedriges Verb)
Definition: to reduce the volume of something (radio, television, ...) by means of a control
Übersetzung: leiser stellen
Example: Turn down the radio so I can hear what you are saying!
Antonym(e): turn up

volume  [ˈvɒl.juː m]
(Unzählbares Nomen)
Definition: the strength of sound, measured in decibels
interference, interferences  [ɪnˈterfɪrəns]  
(Nomen)  
Definition: an effect caused by the superposition of two systems of waves, such as a distortion on a broadcast signal due to atmospheric or other effects  
Übersetzung: Empfangsstörung  
Beispiel: They wanted to watch the game on TV, but there was too much interference to even make out the score on the tiny screen.  
Antonym(e): non-interference